CONFERENCE OF CHIEF JUSTICES

Resolution 1

In Support of Reauthorization of Court Improvement Programs

- WHEREAS, the Conference of Chief Justices (Conference) recognizes the importance of securing safe and permanent homes for children and the importance of moving children in state custody to permanent and safe homes as quickly as possible through the efficient and effective handling of child abuse and neglect cases; and
- WHEREAS, the Conference has made child welfare system reform a priority and undertaken initiatives to strengthen court oversight of child welfare cases; and
- WHEREAS, in 1993, Congress created the original Court Improvement Program (CIP), a grant program to assist state courts in improving their handling of child abuse and neglect cases. By passage of this legislation (P.L. 103-66), Congress explicitly recognized the effect of federal mandates on the state judicial systems and provided funds directly to the highest court in each state; and
- WHEREAS, Congress required that each state use its CIP funds in the first year to conduct an assessment, identify problems in processing child abuse and neglect cases, and develop strategies for addressing those problems. Subsequent year CIP funds have been used to implement system improvements and evaluate the effectiveness of the improvements; and
- WHEREAS, the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 (P.L. 109-171) required and encouraged collaboration between courts and public child welfare agencies and authorized two additional CIP grants. One grant was dedicated to assisting courts to improve the training of judges, court personnel, and attorneys handling child abuse and neglect cases. The other grant was dedicated to assisting courts in improving the timeliness of their efforts on behalf of children in foster care; and
- WHEREAS, state courts have completed comprehensive assessments, developed and implemented innovative solutions for improving court processes and procedures, and evaluated the effectiveness of reform efforts. Children across the country have benefited from this funding, as courts have been able to improve and expedite the processing of child abuse and neglect cases with the goal of placing children in permanent and safe homes and improving outcomes for children; and
- WHEREAS, state courts have combined the CIP funds with state and local dollars to make significant changes in the way they handle child abuse and neglect cases. The availability of CIP funds has stimulated a synergy among judicial, executive and private

resources, which has resulted in broad changes in how state courts handle child abuse and neglect cases; and

- WHEREAS, these CIP funds have been critical in accomplishing reform efforts, such as revising trial court and appellate court procedures, establishing and enhancing automated case tracking systems, developing data exchanges between the courts and child welfare agencies, implementing court performance measurements, providing training for judges and court personnel in both substantive law and issues impacting child development, and developing resources (e.g., bench books and bench cards) that assist judges in fulfilling their responsibilities; and
- WHEREAS, the CIP funds have been essential to enabling courts to implement federal legislation and policy, particularly related to training judges, court personnel, and attorneys on federal laws and regulations and to collecting data to ensure timelines of case processing and to monitor court performance; and
- WHEREAS, although the courts have been able to leverage the federal dollars to accomplish reforms, more enhancements and reforms are needed and the CIP funds continue to be a critical factor to improving the adjudication of child welfare cases;
- NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Conference of Chief Justices strongly urges Congress to reauthorize the three CIP grant programs so that state courts are able to sustain, enhance, and expand child welfare reforms.

Adopted as proposed by the CCJ Courts, Children, and Families Committee at the Conference of Chief Justices 2017 Midyear Meeting on February 1, 2017.